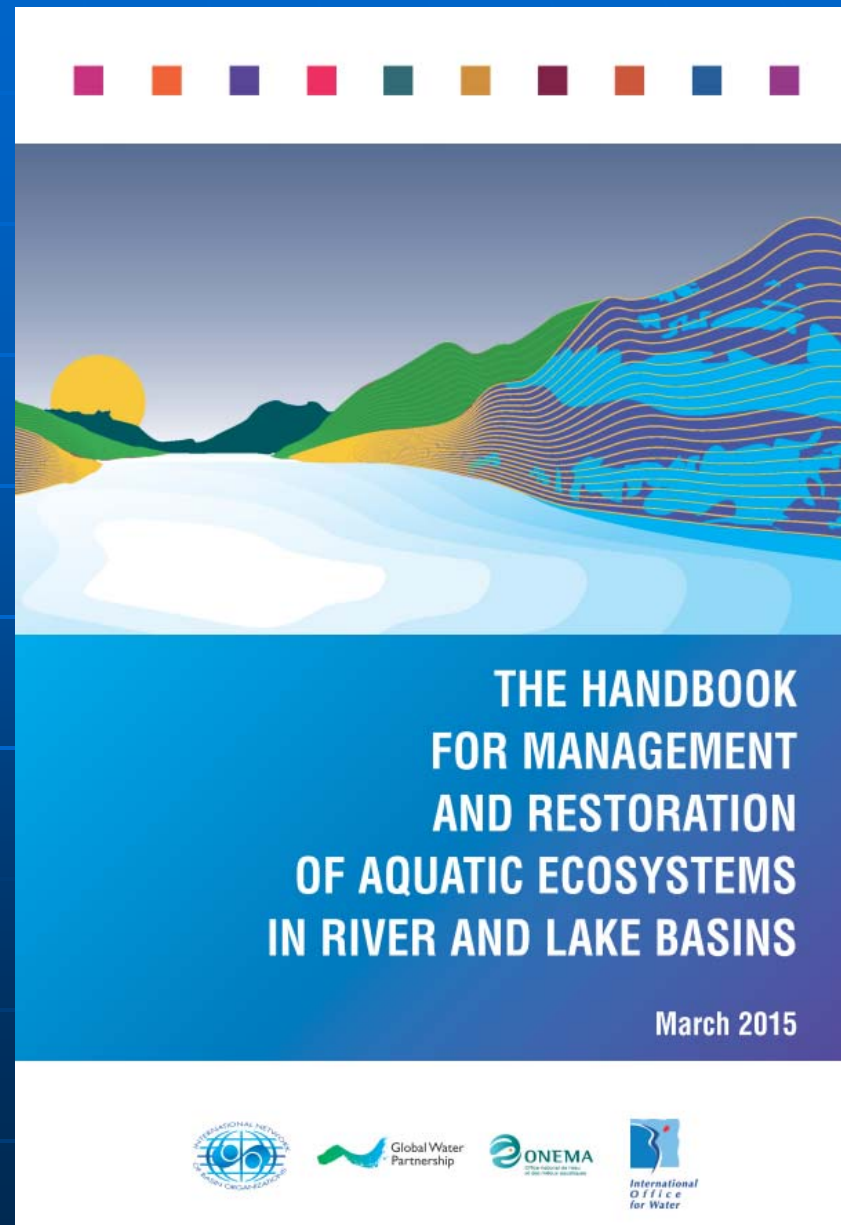
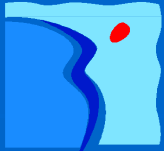


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INBO Deputy Secretary

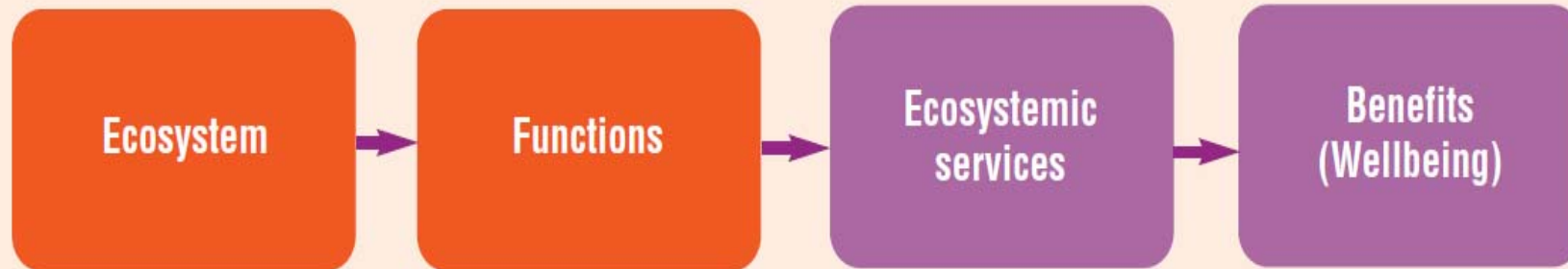


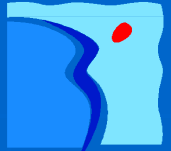


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**Figure 1: Relationship between ecosystems, functions and services**





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# Functions and benefits of aquatic ecosystems



## ■ Roles and functions of aquatic ecosystems

- Production : organic matter; water ...
- Regulation : soil water retention; self purification; flows, climate..
- Organisation : landscape; biodiversity



Target 50 = Sustainability

## ■ Human activities and pollution sources

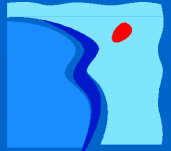


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# 4 types of services

- Provisioning: food, water, materials, genetic and biochemical resources ...
- Regulatory
- Cultural: recreation, well being ...
- Supporting: soil formation, nutrient cycle ...

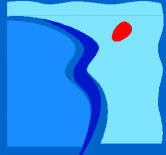


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# Including ecosystems in River/Lake Basin Management Plans



- Ecosystem considerations in basin planning processes (uses, users, quantity, quality .. Including ecosystems)
- From knowledge, understanding, to objectives, priorities, financial means ..
- Barriers to implementation (technical, financial, uncertain trends; governance...)



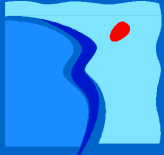
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# Management and restoration of aquatic ecosystems



60% of world rivers = fragmented by human

- Restoration practices : 20 pages with many examples around the world (*re-connecting brooks, floodplains, former meanders ..; ecological continuity; dam removing; environmental flow ...*)
- Green infrastructures and environmental impacts



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# Management and restoration of aquatic ecosystems



## Natural Water Retention Measures (NWRM):

- cross-cutting objectives and results, in agriculture, urban, forest areas and aquatic environment
- Structural and non structural
- Passive and active techniques (often mimic of analogous natural structures / features)

# A new paradigm for ecosystems Sustainability A mixed portfolio



## **HARD**

Traditional engineered "grey" infrastructure,  
budget, visibility

## **SOFT**

Green infrastructure; NWRM  
Bottom up; Participation;  
Ownership; Cumulative social  
and environmental implications





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# Governance and regulation

- The current water crisis affecting ecosystem services is mainly a crisis of governance
- European legislation and policies, including marine environmental policy
- Other examples



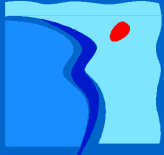
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# Governance and regulation

- Framework for the governance of aquatic ecosystems





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# Governance and regulation



- Strategic instruments for effective aquatic ecosystem governance

Combining the conservation of aquatic ecosystem services with Integrated Water Resources Management (IWRM)

Indicators ; capacity building, networking ....

- Main difficulties encountered in implementing restoration measures/projects



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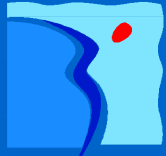
# Monitoring aquatic ecosystems (22 pages)



## Monitoring : what and how ?



- Methods and protocols (State, Pressures ...)
- Parameters
- Check the efficiency of action
- Recommend adjustments
- Inform the public



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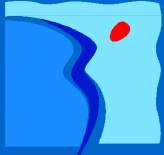
# Economic and financial aspects

## 15 pages



- Aquatic ecosystems and the services they provide are inestimable
- But economic evaluation of ecosystems can make it easier to rank challenges and choices: why, what and how ?

*2010 : loss of ecosystem services in the world =  
12 000 billion € = 6% of Global Gross Domestic Product*

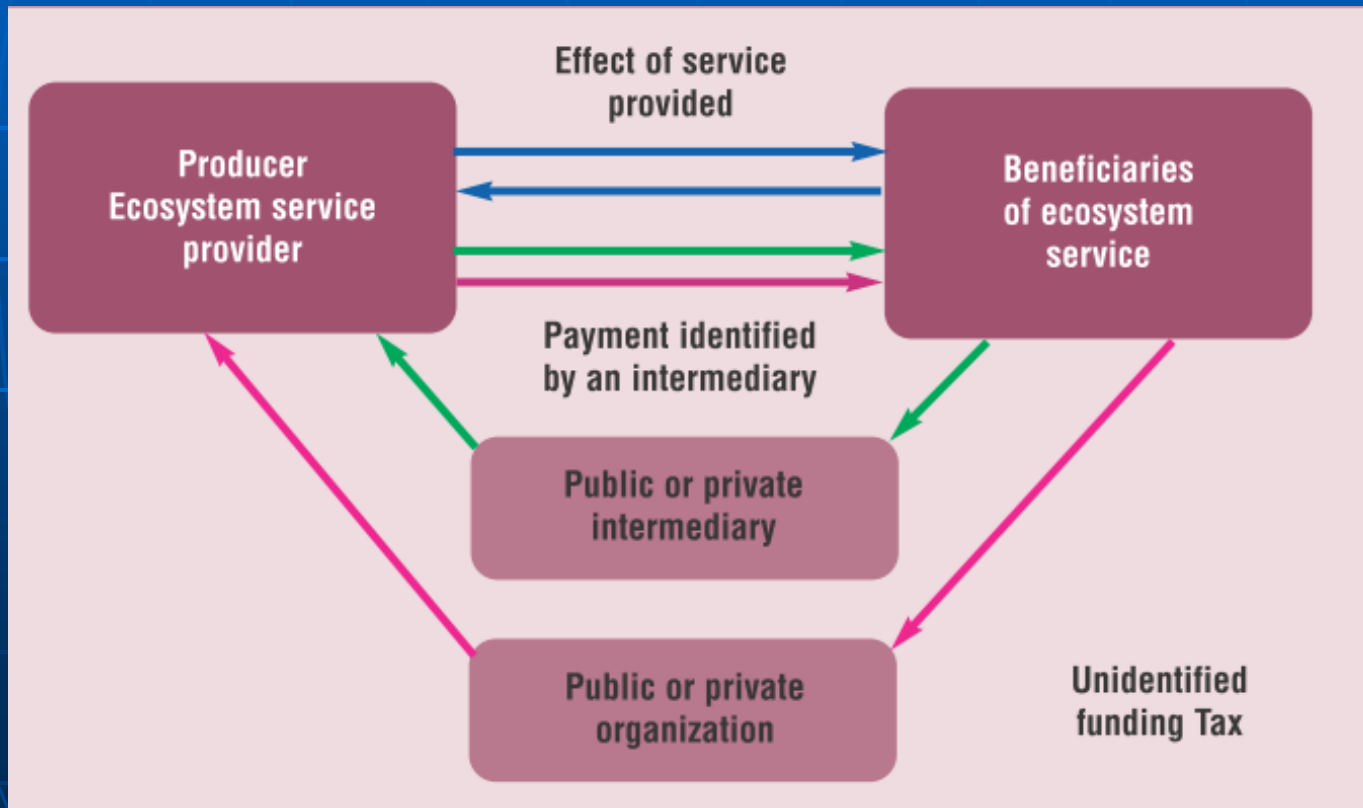


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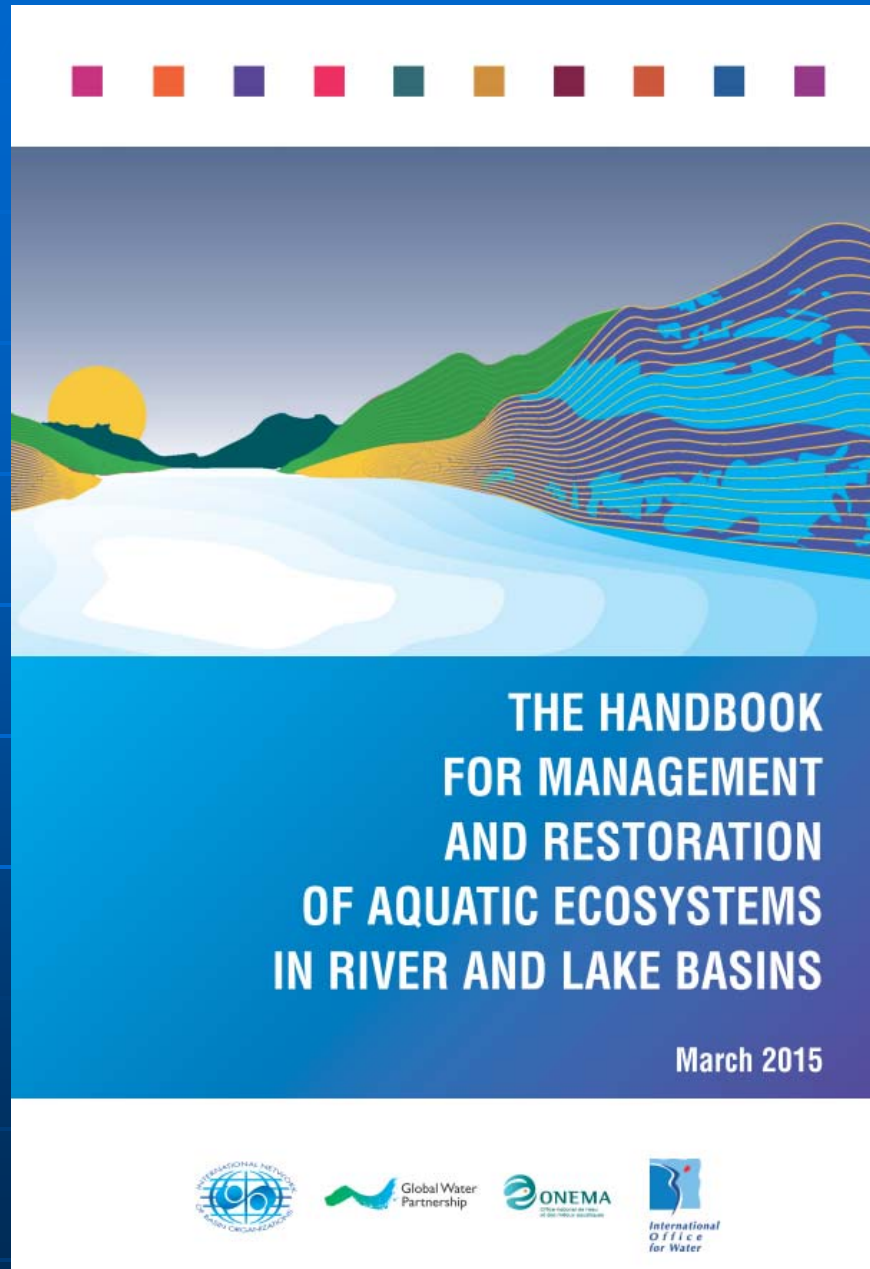
# Economic and financial aspects

- Payment for environmental services  
(Overview of PES implementation - Guidelines)





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