7<sup>th</sup> World Water Forum 2015

April 12-17, 2015, Daegu & Gyeongbuk, Rep. of Korea

WATER FOR OUR FUTURE

## Session 3.4.1: "Integrated joint management of rivers, lakes and aquifers at basins level". I<sup>st</sup> Round table Effective Stakeholders participation - Multi sectorial coordination Share vision and Planning

The role of the networks basin organisms on the actions in South America, Caribbean and Brazil Mauri Cesar Barbosa Pereira REBOB/RELOB





# THE REGIONALS NETWORKS



- Brazil Network of Basin Organisms REBOB
  - Created in 1998
  - Action with all basin organisms in Brazil (200) / every year we have meetings with 216 basin organisms to evaluate the actions of IWRM and created news tools



- Latin America an Caribbean of Basin Organisms RELOC
  - Created in 1988 (Colombia)
    - In process of strengthening (Project EU / Waterclima Ecocuencas)





# Contents

- Challenge and opportunity for TWM/TBA in Latin America and the Caribbean.
- Examples of TRM and TBA in Latin America
- The key issues:
  - How to apply the concept "waters without borders"?
  - How to apply the fundaments of participation, decentralization and integration in TWM and TBA when to formulate and implement and of the agreements?
  - How to get the public participation (players users, government represents, NGOs) on the TWM and TBA when to formulate and to implement of the agreements?









### Bordes and transboundaries rivers in Brazil – Amazonian Basin

Cuiari

Negro

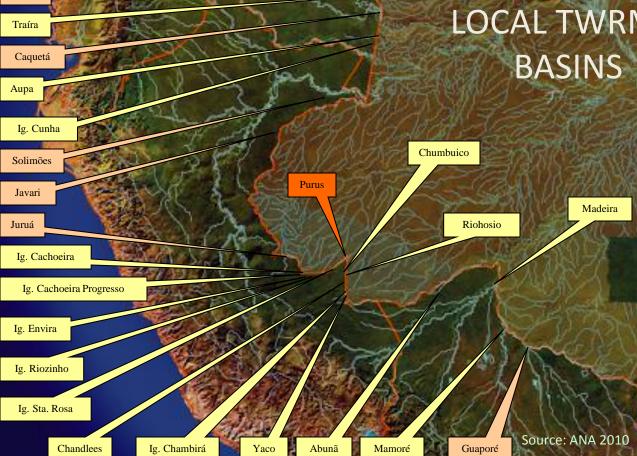
Tocandirá



### AMAZONIAN LOCAL TWRM BASINS



	Total	83
H	Brazil – Uruguay	8
14	Brazil - Argentina – Uruguay	1
	Brazil – Argentina	4
	Brazil - Argentina – Paraguay	1
	Brazil – Paraguay	3
	Brazil - Bolivia – Paraguay	1
iv,	Brazil – Bolivia	17
6	Brazil – Peru	19
<b>K</b>	Brazil - Colombia – Peru	1
Ì	Brazil – Colombia	22
M	Brazil - Venezuela – Colombia	1
2	Braszl – Guyana	3
1.6	Brazil – French Guyana	2



Ig. Macapá

Içana

Ig. Jarauaetê

Uaupés

Papury

Inhambú

Tiquié



#### Nº of Transboundary Rivers

Brazil – French Guyana	
Braszl – Guyana	
Brazil - Venezuela – Colombia	1
Brazil – Colombia	22
Brazil - Colombia – Peru	1
Brazil – Peru	19
Brazil – Bolivia	17
Brazil - Bolivia – Paraguay	1
Brazil – Paraguay	
Brazil - Argentina – Paraguay	
Brazil – Argentina	
Brazil - Argentina – Uruguay	
Brazil – Uruguay	
Total	83

✓ Groundwater is 95% of freshwater of world ✓ 50% of people use for drinkwater

1S El Choco-Darien

4S Grupo Roraima

6S Zanderij

8S A-sand

**9S** Costeiro 10S Tulcan-Ipiales

11S Zarumilla

14S Titicaca

15S Pantanal

13S Amazonas

16S Agua Dulce

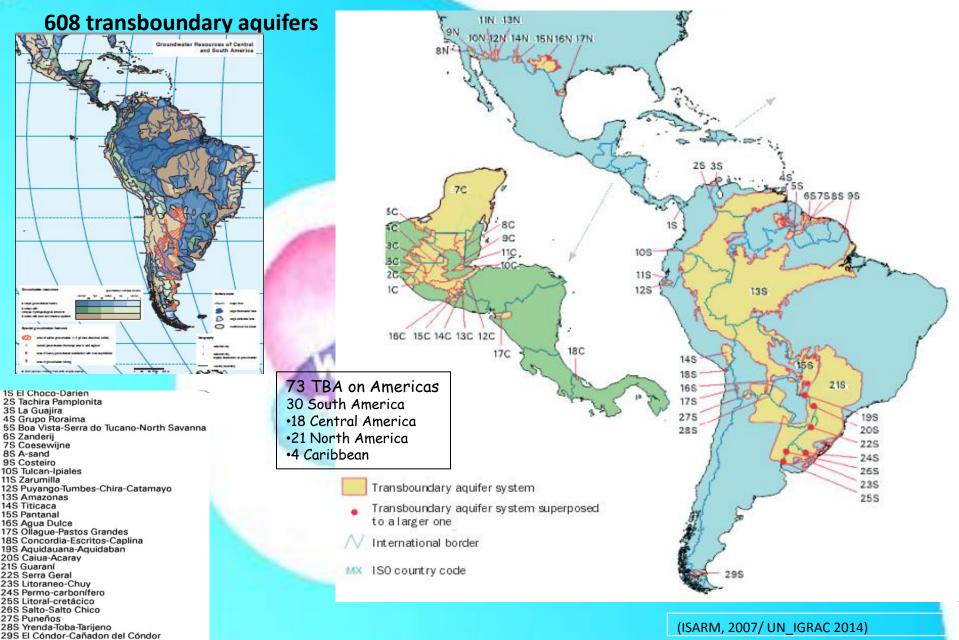
20S Caiua-Acaray 21S Guaraní

22S Serra Geral 23S Litoraneo-Chuy 24S Permo-carbonífero 25S Litoral-cretácico 26S Salto-Salto Chico 27S Puneños

**7S Coesewijne** 

2S Tachira Pamplonita 3S La Guajira

## **TRANBOUNDARY AQUIFERS**



### National Program of Groundwater

## The Amazon Aquifer

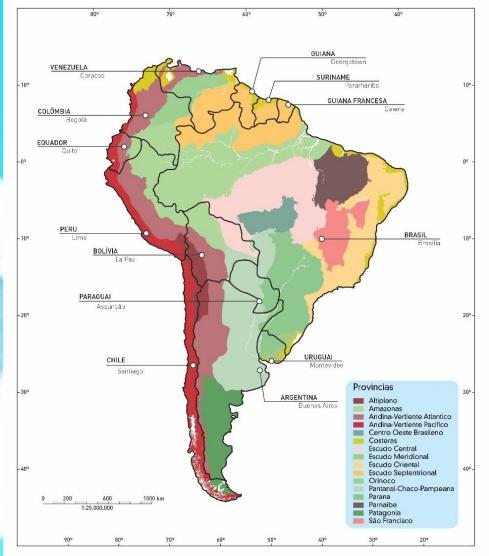
**Start**: 1.250.000 Km<sup>2</sup>, on the 6 Brazilian (Acre, Amapá, Amazonas, Pará, Rondônia y Roraima), aquifers Alter do Chão, Solimões and Iça.

Future project: estimate on 3.950.000 km<sup>2</sup> (2.000.000 km<sup>2</sup> in Brazil). Amazon basin with 6.200.000 km<sup>2</sup>

(Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Ecuador e Peru) and Orinoco basin with880.000 km<sup>2</sup> (Colombia y Venezuela) the biggest basin of South America

The System Aquifer(Transboundary) Amazonas, the Hydrogeological Provinces of Amazonas and Orinoco

i) Program UNESCO/OEA ISARM Americas; ; ii) Study of ANA/Brazil and iii) Project GEF/PNUMA/OTCA



(ANA, 2015)

### Integrated and Sustainable Management of TransBoundary Water Resources in the Amazon River Basin considering Variability and Climate Change ACTO / GEF / UNEP

Transboundary Diagnostic Analysis (TDA)

- Part I. Strengthening the capacity of key stakeholders in the basin
- Part II. Funding water resources management in transboundary basins
- Part III. Legal framework for water resources management in transboundary basins
- Part IV. Information and knowledge management for water resources in transboundary basins
- Part V. Education and a culture of water in transboundary basins
- Part VI. Public policy for water resources management in transboundary basins
- Part VII. Integrated water resources management in transboundary basins
- Part VIII. Communication, promotion and dissemination for integrated water resources management in transboundary basins







# **Challenges and opportunity**

#### Different levels of governance in the water resources management.

- Federal/national management
- Brazil and Argentina is Republic Federative
- Federal and regional (states) management.
- Many countries don't work with INTERNATIONAL RIVERS

### Lack of information about the Basin Organisms.

- Register and database of all organisms in LAC.
- The new Project ECOCUENCAS (EU OIEAu)

### • Lack of capacity building for participate in the Governance of IWRM and TWRM.

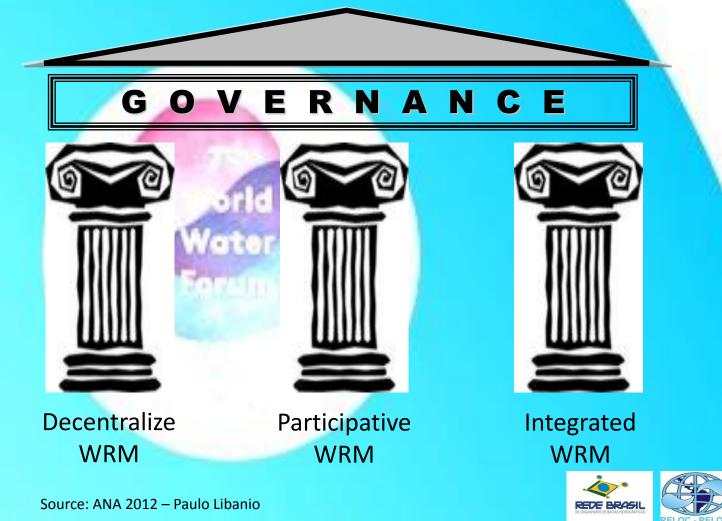
- The capacity building is fragmented
- Recently we aimed the first South America's Project financed by the UE for IWMRM (Ecocuencas).
- The NGOs and water users are well organized
- Few practices twin basin (exchange experiences).
  - Some experiences about transboundary water management with the effective public participation APA River Basin / Quaraí River Basin, Initiative MAP – Madre de Dios, Acre and Pando)





# **Opportunity** – Governance

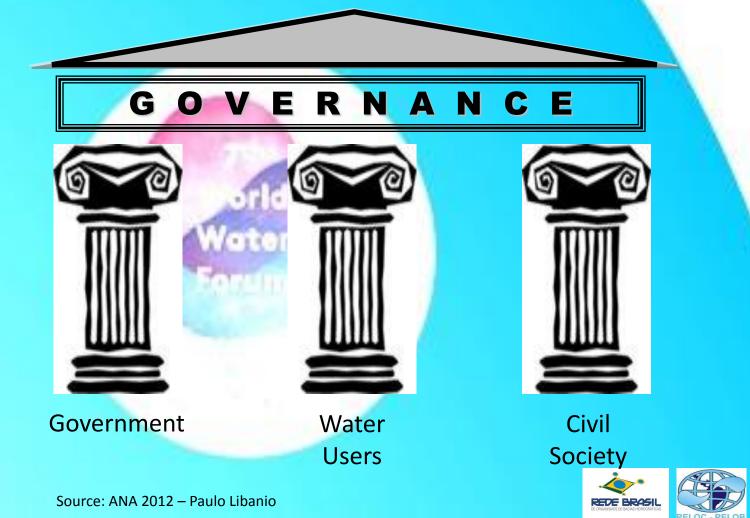
How to apply the fundaments of participation, decentralization and integration in TWM and TBA when to formulate and implement and of the agreements Is this possible in the TWM on the basin of aquifer?





# **Opportunity** - Governance

How to get the public participation (players – users, government represents, NGOs) on the TWM and TBA when to formulate and to implement of the agreements? In TWM is it possible the public participation on the basin or aquifer?



WORLE

### • Thanks you

## • 감사합니다 / 고맙습니다!

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