Mekong Programme

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WWF - Mexico March 2006

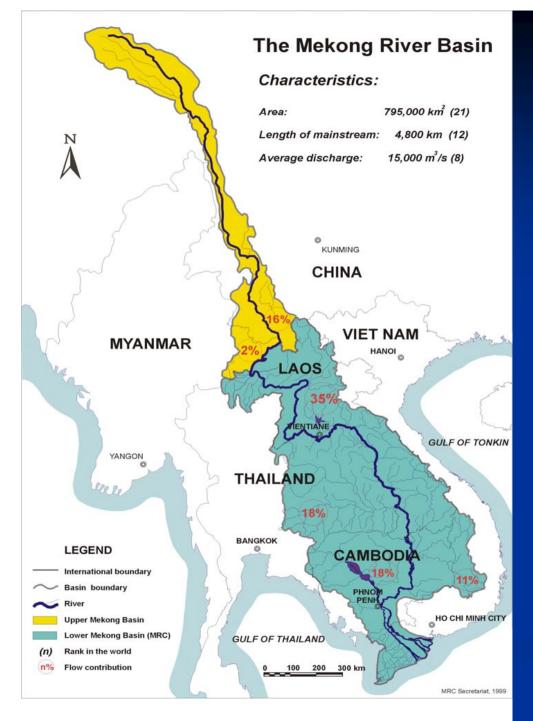


Regional Cooperation Programme for Sustainable Development of the Mekong River Basin



IWRM at Basin Scale



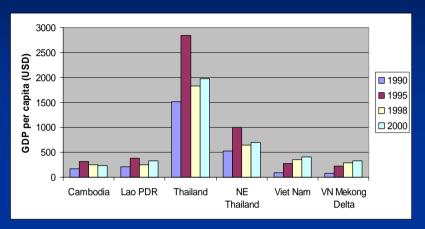


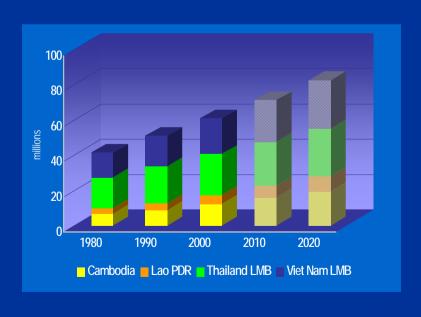
Mekong River Contribution to the mainstream flow

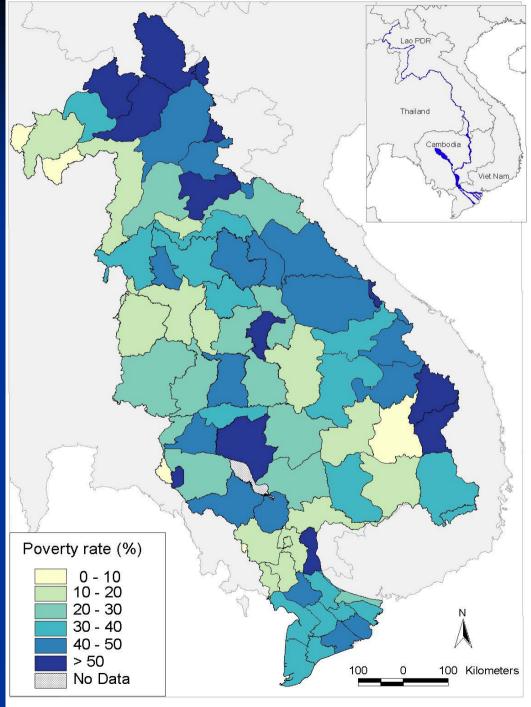
- China 16%
- Myanmar 2%
- Cambodia 18%
- Lao PDR- 35%
- Thailand 18%
- Viet Nam 11%



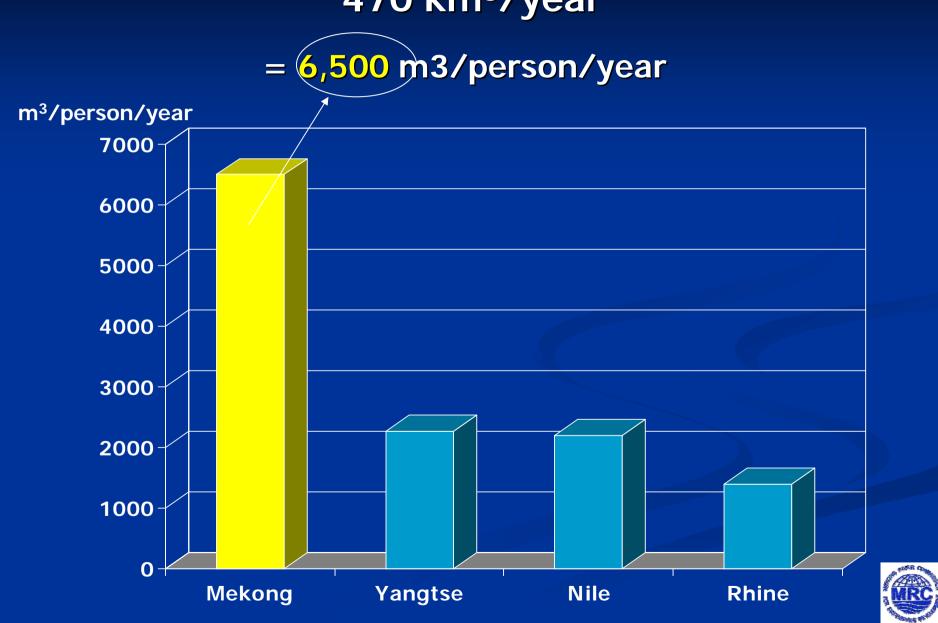
Poverty alleviation





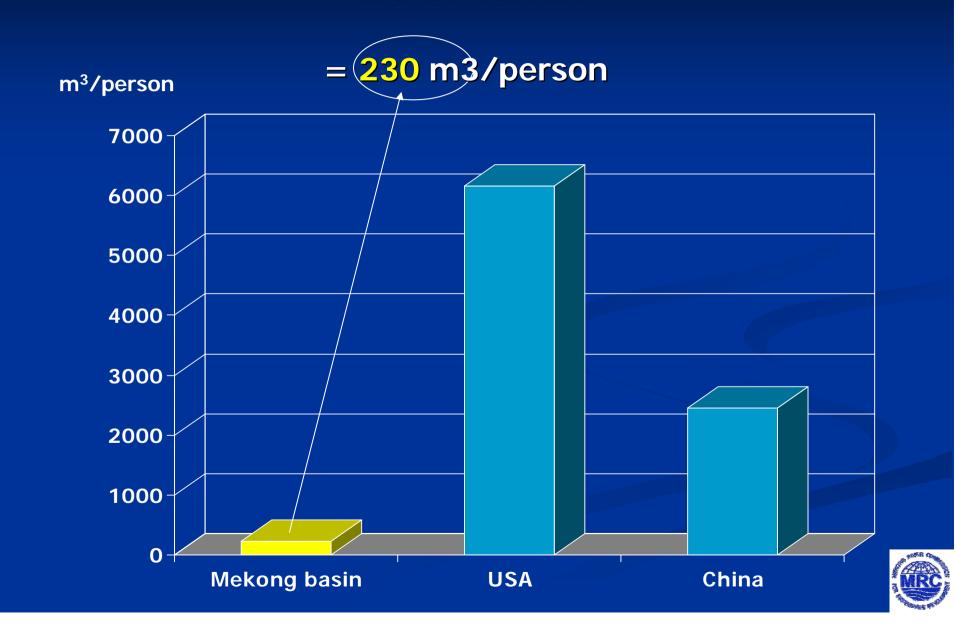


High volume of water flowing in the river 470 km³/year



High seasonal variability Average flow in Kratie 1960-2004 MYANMAR 40000 35000 Flow in cumecs Countries of 30000 the Mekong Basin Legend 25000 Mekong basin boundary Country boundary Flow contributions 20000 15000 China 10000 5000 0 feb mar apr may jun jul aug sep oct nov dec jan

Low volume of water stored in reservoirs 20 billion m³



Mekong River Commission - MRC

To promote and coordinate sustainable management and development of water and related resources





A Programme owned by the Mekong Countries

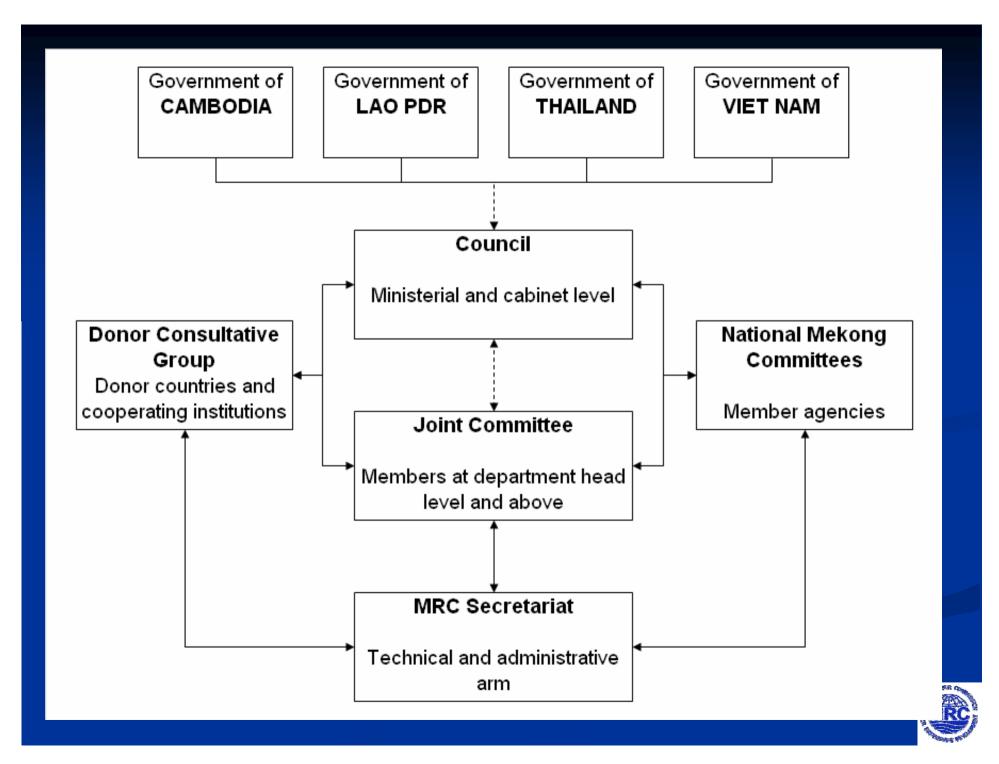
Cooperation Agreement signed on 5 April 1995

- Cambodia
- Lao PDR
- Thailand
- Vietnam

Dialogue partners

- China
- Myanmar





Joint planning

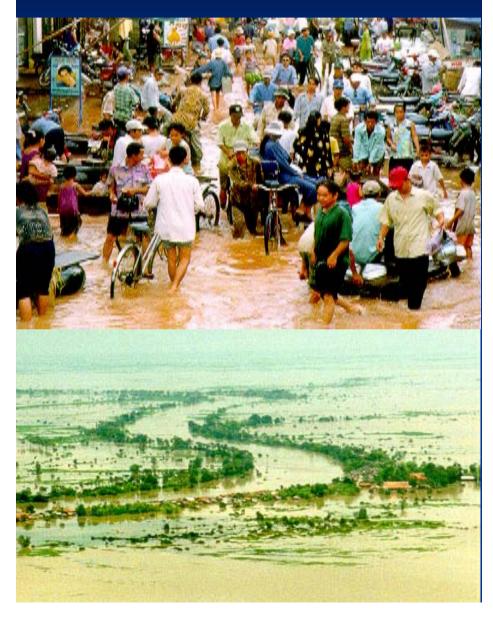
Basin-wide development scenarios

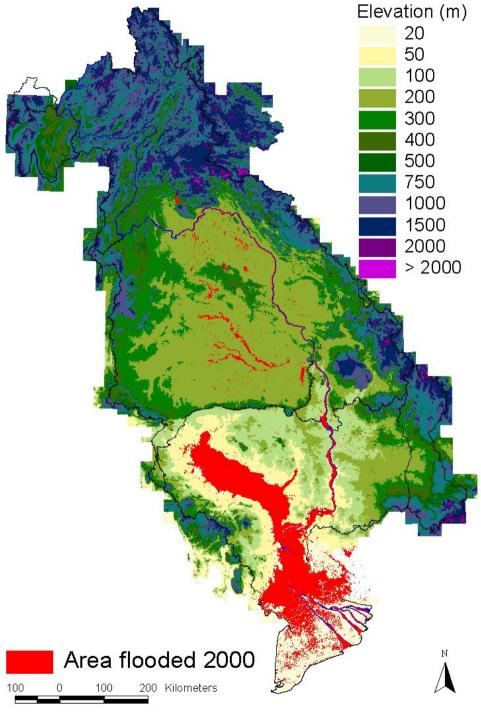
Integrated approach

Priorities adopted at council level



Managing Floods



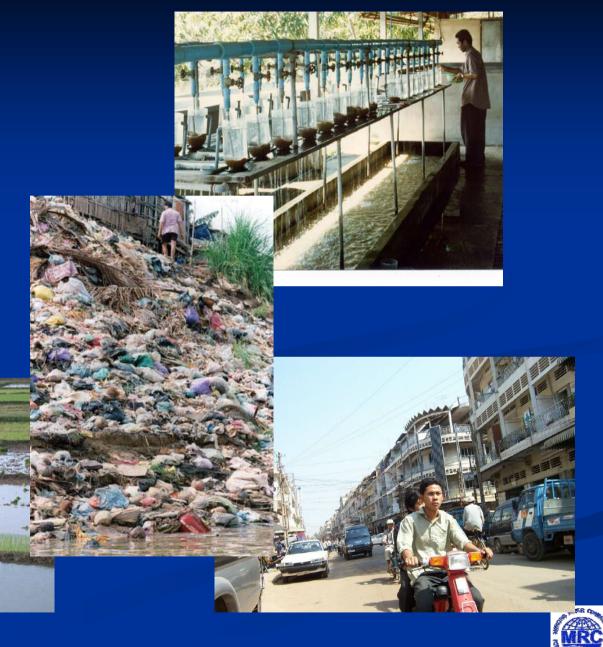


Managing Droughts



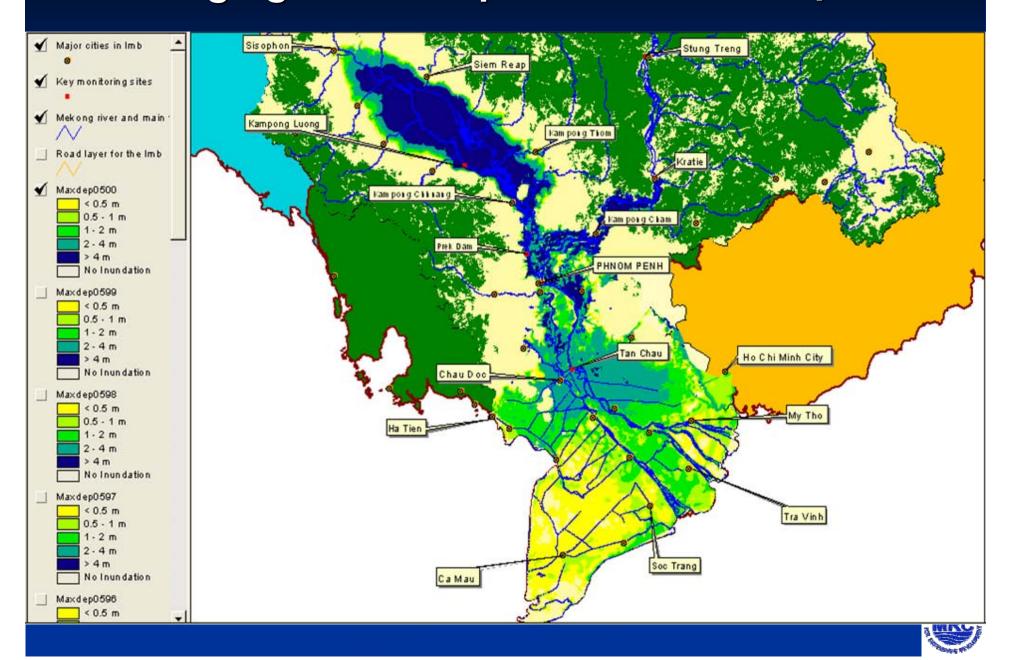


industry urban development agriculture





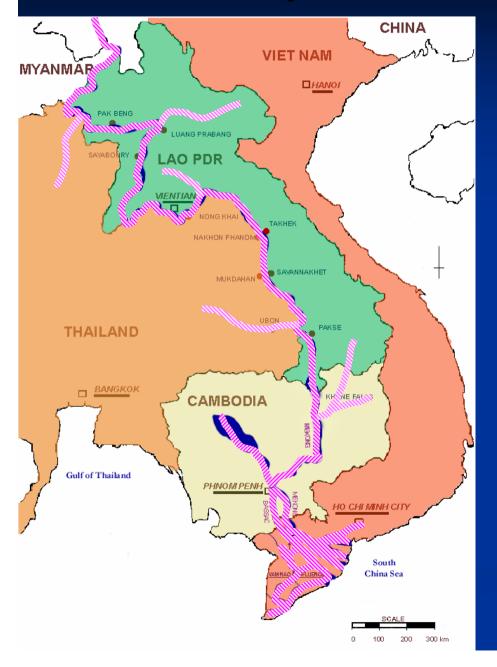
Managing the flood pulse in the flood plain

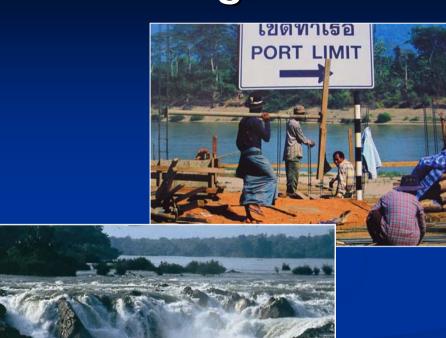


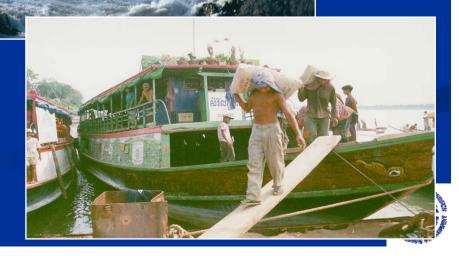
Maintaining biodiversity and ecological balance of the basin



Development of inland navigation







Irrigation

Water withdrawn for <u>agriculture</u>, industry and domestic use

- = 60 km³/year out of 530
- = less than 12 % of total flow









Dry season irrigation (2000 data)

Upstream Kratie 350,000 ha

Around Tonle Sap 250,000 ha

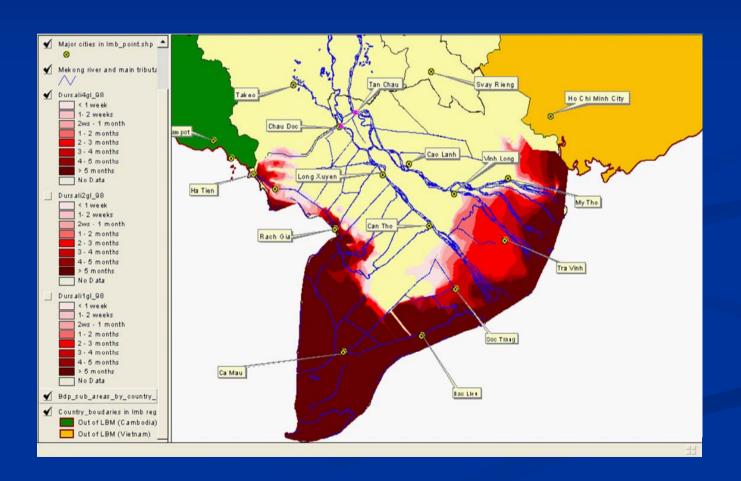
Delta 1,500,000 ha

Total 2.10 million ha



Risks

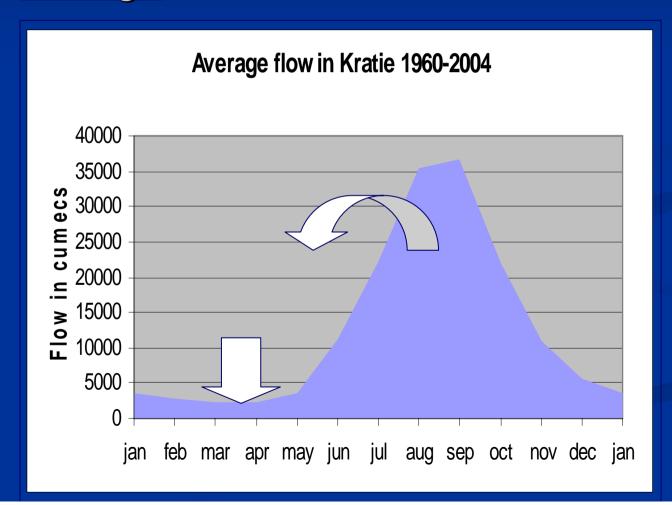
- decrease of dry season flow
- increase of saline intrusion in the delta





Solution

- More <u>efficient</u> irrigation
- More <u>storage</u> in wet season (15 km³ for 1 million ha)



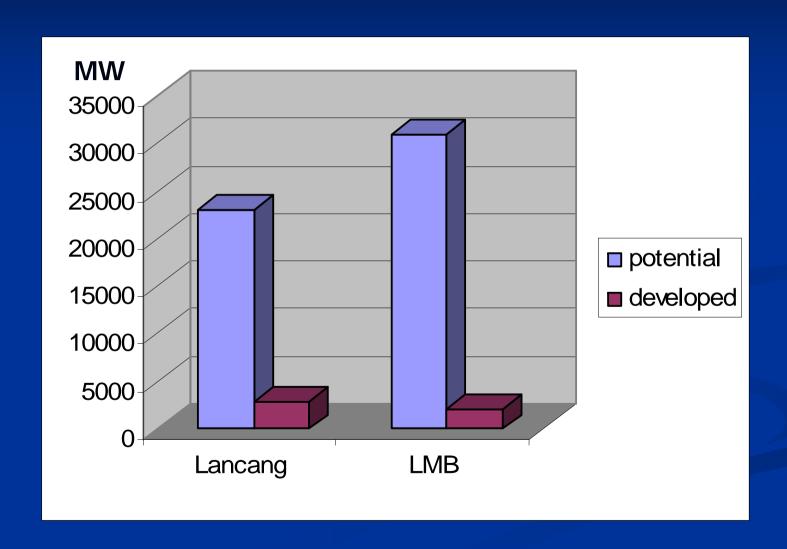


Developing the hydropower potential



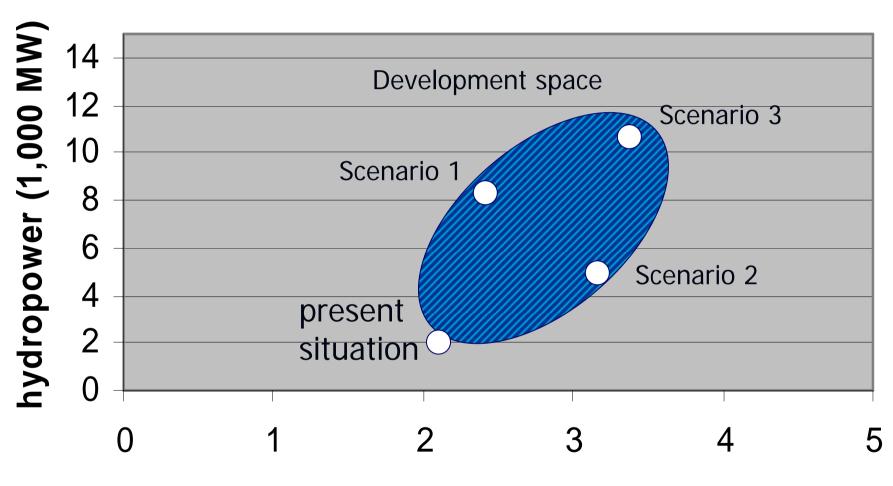


Hydropower potential



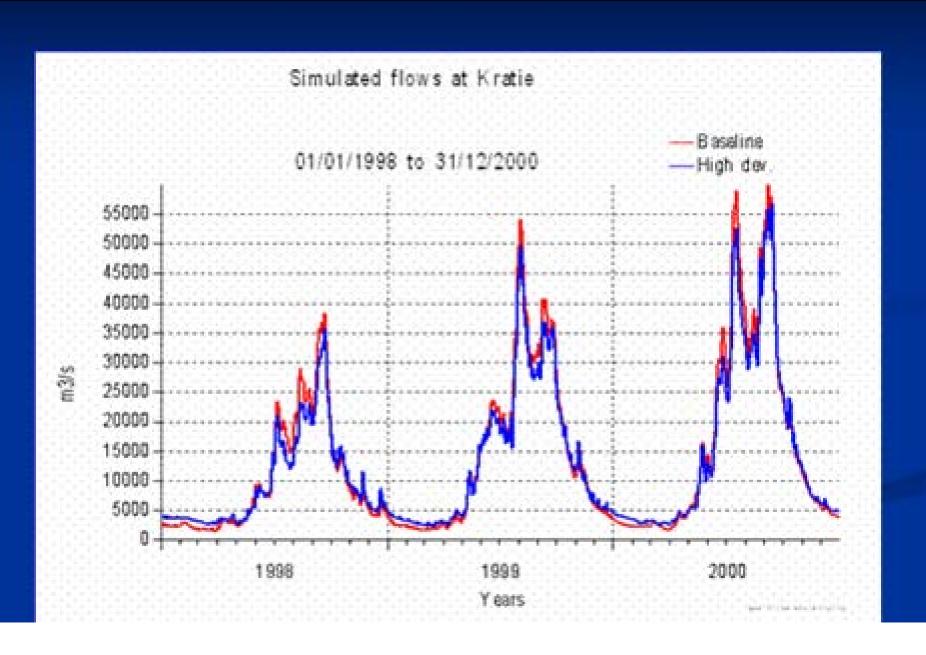


Analysis of development scenarios



irrigated area (million ha)

Impact of scenario 3 on flow regime in Kratie



Conclusion

 still room for developing the water resources applying the principle of *reasonable* and *equitable* use

Based on:

- integrated approach at basin scale (IWRM)
- long-term multi-sectorial planning aiming at optimal win-win solutions

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